

Options Chart for Administration of Epinephrine in School Settings

District boards of education and school governing bodies must approve and develop policies, in public schools in collaboration with the district’s director of school health service, consistent with the laws and regulations of New York State regarding the administration of emergency epinephrine in schools.

Nurses		Order Issued by:
Patient specific order (student with provider order)	A Registered Professional Nurse (RN) or a Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) under the direction of an RN, Nurse Practitioner (NP), Physician Assistant (PA), or Physician (MD/DO) may administer anaphylaxis treatment agents to a specific student or staff member at school or school-sponsored events in accordance with the provider’s order. Education Law Article 139 § 6902 (1)	Student or staff member’s private health care provider
Non-patient specific order (no provider order)	<p>An RN may administer anaphylaxis treatment agents to any person experiencing signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis at school or school-sponsored events under a non-patient-specific order from the School Medical Director. Education Law Article 139 §6909(4)(b)</p> <p>An LPN, under the direction of an RN, Nurse Practitioner (NP), Physician Assistant (PA), or Physician (MD/DO), may administer anaphylaxis treatment agents to any person experiencing signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis at school or school-sponsored events. (Assuming the LPN is appropriately trained and competent to provide the service.) Education Law Article 139 §6902</p>	A physician (MD, DO) or Nurse Practitioner (NP)

Unlicensed Trained School Personnel		Under the authority of:
Patient specific order (student with provider order & emergency care plan)	Unlicensed school personnel who are trained in accordance with Commissioner’s Regulations §136.7(f)(1) by an RN, NP, PA, or physician (MD/DO), may administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a specific student in accordance with the provider’s order and written parental consent , during the school day on school property and at any school function, in emergency situations, where an appropriately licensed health professional is not available. Education Law Article 19 §921	Education Law 921
Non-patient specific order (no provider order)	<p>Unlicensed school personnel, who are trained using the required NYSDOH-approved training, may administer epinephrine auto-injectors in the event of an emergency pursuant to the requirements of section 3000-c of the public health law to any student or staff in a school building having anaphylactic symptoms – whether or not there is a previous history of severe allergic reaction. Education Law Article 19 §921-a</p> <p><u>Schools must provide teachers with written informational materials on the use of epinephrine auto-injectors</u></p>	Education Law 921-a

Information in this chart is based on the [Guidelines for Managing Allergies and Anaphylaxis in Schools](#) and [Guidelines for Medication Management in Schools](#)